





Mosfet Redundancy Module

- Single input with single output
- Equipped with plug-connector for "Hot Swapping"
- Suitable for all DIMENSION power supplies Except QT40 series
- Only 150mV voltage drop at 40A
- Only 6.2W at 40A
- 160% (65A) peak load capability
- Reverse input polarity protection
- Full power between -40°C and +60°C
- Width only 46mm
- Rugged metal housing
- Easy wiring:
- Distribution terminal for negative pole included
- 3 year warranty

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The YR40.245 is a redundancy module, which can be used to build redundant systems. The module has one input and one output and can carry nominal currents up to 40A. The output is equipped with a plug-connector, which allows replacing the power supply or the redundancy module while the system is running (hotswapping)

The novelty of this redundancy module is the utilization of mosfets instead of diodes for the decoupling of the output. This reduces the heat generation and the voltage drop between input and output. The redundancy module does not require an additional auxiliary voltage.

Due to the low power losses, the unit is very slender and only requires 46mm width on the DIN rail. Large connection terminals allow for a safe and fast installation. The large international approval package makes this unit suitable for nearly every application.

SHORT-FORM DATA

| Input voltage Input voltage range | DC 12-28V 8.4-36.4Vdc | ±30% |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Input current | 0-40A | continuous |
| | 40-65A | for 5 seconds |
| Output current | 0-40A | continuous |
| | 40-65A | for 5 seconds |
| | max. 22A | in overload ^{*)} or |
| | | short circuit mode |
| Input to output | typ. 80mV | at 20A |
| voltage drop | typ. 150mV | at 40A |
| Power losses | typ. 120mW | at no load |
| | typ. 1.8W | at 24V, 20A |
| | typ. 6.2W | at 24V, 40A |
| Temperature range | -40°C to +70°C | operational |
| Derating | 1A/°C | +60 to +70°C |
| Dimensions *) | 46x124x127mm | WxHxD |
| Weight | 340g | <u>-</u> |

^{*)} Currents at voltages below 6V

ORDER NUMBERS

| Redundancy Module | YR40.245 | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Accessory | ZM2.WALL | Wall/panel mount bracket |
| | ZM11.SIDE | Side mount bracket |

MAIN APPROVALS

For details and the complete approval list, see chapter 15.







UL 508

UL 60950-1

Class I Div 2



ATEX

IECEx

DNV.COM/AF

IECEx

Marine

^{**)} Plus height for plug connector



DIMENSION

Y-Series

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24Vdc

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TERMINOLOGY AND ABREVIATIONS

PE and \$ **symbol** PE is the abbreviation for **P**rotective **E**arth and has the same meaning as the symbol \$.

Earth, Ground This document uses the term "earth" which is the same as the U.S. term "ground".

t.b.d. To be defined, value or description will follow later.

DC 24V A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with

standard tolerances (usually ±15%) included.

E.g.: DC 12V describes a 12V battery disregarding whether it is full (13.7V) or flat (10V) A figure with the unit (Vdc) at the end is a momentary figure without any additional

tolerances included.

may A key word indicating flexibility of choice with no implied preference

shall A key word indicating a mandatory requirement

should A key word indicating flexibility of choice with a strongly preferred implementation

1+1 Redundancy Use of two identical power supplies in parallel to provide continued operation following most

failures in a single power supply. The two power supply outputs should be isolated from each other by utilizing diodes or other switching arrangements. E.g. two 10A power supplies are

needed to achieve a 10A redundant

system.

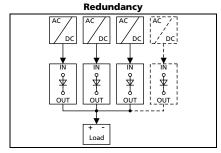
N+1 Redundancy Use of three or more identical power

supplies in parallel to provide continued operation following most failures in a single power supply. All power supply outputs should be isolated from each other by utilizing

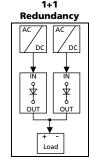
diodes or other switching

arrangements.

E.g.: To achieve a 30A redundant system, four 10A power supplies are needed in a N+1 redundant system.



N+1



Aug. 2025 / Rev. 1.5 DS-YR40.245-EN

All parameters are specified at 24V, 40A output current, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted



Y-Series

1. INTENDED USE

This device is designed for installation in an enclosure and is intended for commercial use, such as in industrial control, process control, monitoring and measurement equipment or the like. Do not use this device in equipment where malfunction may cause severe personal injury or threaten human life.

The redundancy module can be used with any type of power supply as long as the maximum output current ratings are not exceeded. It is suitable for power supplies with continuous overload current as well as any kind of intermittent (Hiccup) overload behavior.

2. Installation Instructions

A WARNING Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death.

- Turn power off before working on the device and protect against inadvertent re-powering.
- Do not open, modify or repair the device.
- Use caution to prevent any foreign objects from entering into the housing.
- Do not use in wet locations or in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected.
- Do not touch during power-on, and immediately after power-off. Hot surface may cause burns.

Obey the following installation instructions:

This device may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel.

This device does not contain serviceable parts. The tripping of an internal fuse is caused by an internal defect.

If damage or malfunction should occur during installation or operation, immediately turn power off and send unit to the factory for inspection.

Install the device in an enclosure providing protection against electrical, mechanical and fire hazards.

Do not ground or earth the positive output pole which could prevent redundancy in case of a ground failure. Ground the negative output pole, when needed.

Use only power supplies with a negligible output ripple voltage in the low frequency range between 50Hz and 10kHz when used in marine applications according to the GL regulations.

Install the device onto a DIN rail according to EN 60715 with the input terminals on the bottom of the device. Other mounting orientations require a reduction in output current.

Make sure that the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes. Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for a minimum operating temperature of 60°C for ambient temperatures up to +45°C, 75°C for ambient temperatures up to +60°C and 90°C for ambient temperatures up to +70°C. Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection.

Unused screw terminals should be securely tightened.

The device is designed for pollution degree 2 areas in controlled environments. No condensation or frost is allowed.

The enclosure of the device provides a degree of protection of IP20.

The input must be powered from a PELV or SELV source or an "Isolated Secondary Circuit" in order to maintain a SELV or PELV output. C

heck correct input polarity. The device will not operate when input voltage is reversed.

The device is designed as "Class of Protection III" equipment according to IEC 61140.

A PE (ground) connection is not required. However, connecting the chassis ground terminal to ground can be beneficial to gain a high EMI immunity.

The device is designed for convection cooling and does not require an external fan. Do not obstruct airflow and do not cover ventilation grid!

The device is designed for altitudes up to 6000m. See additional requirements in the product datasheet for use above 2000m.

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Keep the following minimum installation clearances: 40mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 5mm left and right side. Increase the 5mm to 15mm in case the adjacent device is a heat source. When the device is permanently loaded with less than 50%, the 5mm can be reduced to zero. Under special circumstances clearances can be reduced. See details in the product datasheet.

The maximum surrounding air temperature is +70°C. The operational temperature is the same as the ambient or surrounding air temperature and is defined 2cm below the device.

The device is designed to operate in areas between 5% and 95% relative humidity.

Installation Instructions for Hazardous Location Areas

The device is suitable for use in Class I Division 2 Groups A, B, C, D locations and for use in Group II Category 3 (Zone 2) environments.

Hazardous Location classification: ATEX: EPS 11 ATEX 1 312 X, II 3G Ex ec IIC T4 Gc

WARNING EXPLOSION HAZARDS!

Substitution of components may impair suitability for this environment.

Do not disconnect the device unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

A suitable enclosure must be provided for the end product which has a minimum protection of IP54 and fulfils the requirements of the EN 60079-0

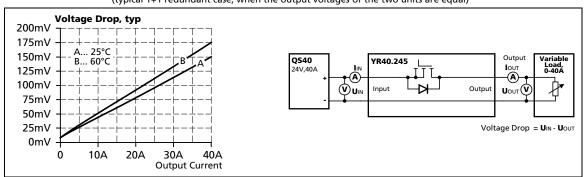


Y-Series

3. INPUT AND OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

| Number of inputs | | 1 | |
|-------------------------------|------|----------------|--|
| Number of outputs | | 1 | |
| Input voltage | nom. | DC 12-28V ±30% | The input circuitry must meet the SELV requirements stipulated by IEC/EN/UL 60950-1. |
| Input voltage range | | 8.4-36.4Vdc | |
| Voltage drop, input to output | typ. | 80mV | at 20A, see Fig. 3-1 |
| | typ. | 150mV | at 40A, see Fig. 3-1 |
| Input current | nom. | 0-40A | continuous |
| | nom. | 40-65A | for 5 seconds |
| | max | 22A | in overload (voltage < 6V) or short circuit mode |
| Peak input current | max. | 1500A | for max. 1ms per input |
| Output current | nom. | 40A | continuous |
| | nom. | 40-65A | for 5 seconds |
| | max. | 22A | in overload (voltage < 6V) or short circuit mode |
| Reverse current | max. | 1mA | at 24V, per input, -40°C to +70°C |
| Reverse voltage | max. | 40Vdc | voltage applied to the output, continuously allowed |
| Output capacitance | typ. | 320µF | |

Fig. 3-1 Input to output voltage drop when both inputs draw current (typical 1+1 redundant case, when the output voltages of the two units are equal)



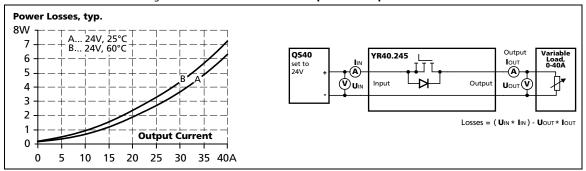


Y-Series

4. Power Losses

| | | DC 12V | DC 24V | |
|----------------------|------|--------|--------|----------------------|
| Power losses | typ. | 1.7W | 1.8W | at 20A |
| | typ. | 6.1W | 6.2W | at 40A |
| Standby power losses | typ. | 0.06W | 0.12W | at no output current |

Fig. 4-1 Power losses when both inputs draw equal current





Y-Series

5. LIFETIME EXPECTANCY AND MTBF

| Load conditions | Output: 20A | Output: 40A | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Lifetime expectancy *) | 557 000h *) | 134 000h *) | at 24V and 40°C |
| | 1 576 000h *) | 378 000h *) | at 24V and 25°C |
| MTBF **) SN 29500, IEC 61709 | 13 290 000h | 6 357 000h | at 24V 40°C |
| | 22 628 000h | 12 238 000h | at 24V 25°C |
| MTBF **) MIL HDBK 217F | 381 000h | 278 000h | Ground Fixed GF40 (24V and 40°C) |
| | 518 000h | 366 000h | Ground Fixed GF25 (24V and 25°C) |
| | 1 816 000h | 1 401 000h | Ground Benign GB40 (24V and 40°C) |
| | 2 486 000h | 1 861 000h | Ground Benign GB25 (24V and 25°C) |

^{*)} The **Lifetime expectancy** shown in the table indicates the minimum operating hours (service life) and is determined by the lifetime expectancy of the built-in electrolytic capacitors. Lifetime expectancy is specified in operational hours and is calculated according to the capacitor's manufacturer specification. The manufacturer of the electrolytic capacitors only guarantees a maximum life of up to 15 years (131 400h). Any number exceeding this value is a calculated theoretical lifetime which can be used to compare devices.

^{**)} MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failure, which is calculated according to statistical device failures, and indicates reliability of a device. It is the statistical representation of the likelihood of a unit to fail and does not necessarily represent the life of a product. The MTBF figure is a statistical representation of the likelihood of a device to fail. A MTBF figure of e.g. 1 000 000h means that statistically one unit will fail every 100 hours if 10 000 units are installed in the field. However, it can not be determined if the failed unit has been running for 50 000h or only for 100h.



Y-Series

6. TERMINALS AND WIRING

| | Input | Output |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Туре | Screw termination | Pluggable screw termination |
| | IP20 Finger safe construction. | IP20 Finger safe construction. |
| | Suitable for field installation. | Suitable for field installation. |
| Solid wire | 0.5-16mm ² | 0.2-16mm ² |
| Stranded wire | 0.5-10mm ² | 0.5-10mm ² |
| American Wire Gauge | 22-8 AWG | 22-6 AWG |
| Max. wire diameter | 5.2mm (including ferrule) | 5.4mm (including ferrule) |
| Wire stripping length | 12mm | 12mm |
| Screwdriver | 3.5x1mm slotted or Pozidrive No 2 | 5.5x1mm slotted or Pozidrive No 2 |
| Recommended tightening torque | 0.8Nm | 2Nm |

To connect the chassis to ground, use a ring-type terminal (ring cable lug) which is suitable for a M4 screw and connect it to the chassis ground terminal on top of the unit.

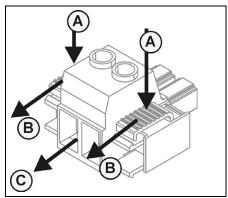
Instructions:

- a) The external circuitry of all terminals must meet the safety requirements stipulated by IEC/EN/UL 60950-1: SELV.
- b) Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for minimum operating temperatures of: 60°C for ambient up to 45°C and
 - 75°C for ambient up to 60°C and
 - 90°C for ambient up to 70°C minimum.
- c) Follow national installation codes and installation regulations!
- d) Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection!
- e) Screws of unused terminal compartments should be securely tightened.
- f) Ferrules are allowed.
- g) Do not connect or disconnect the wires from the terminals below -25°C.

Instructions for inserting and removing the pluggable output terminal

To avoid an accidental disconnection of the output, the plug connector is equipped with a locking system.

Fig. 6-1 Removing the latch mechanism



- Unlock the red sliders by pushing the tabs down
- **B** At the same time slide the tabs back
- **C** Pull-out to unplug the connector

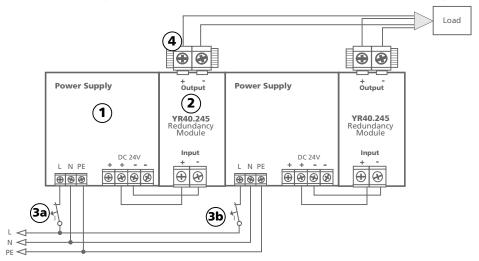
To insert the plug connector, reverse the procedure



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7. REPLACING UNITS WHILE THE SYSTEM IS RUNNING

Fig. 7-1 Replacing the power supply or redundancy module while the system is running



Instructions:

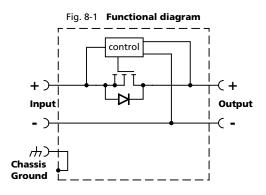
- Switch-off circuit breaker (3a).
- Remove plug (4). The plug prevents the cables from shorting.
- Change power supply (1) or/ and redundancy module (2).
- Put the plug (4) back in.
- Turn-on the circuit breaker (3a).
- The circuit is redundant again.

To replace the right power supply or redundancy module, use the same procedure but turn off circuit breaker (3b).



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8. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



9. FRONT SIDE AND USER ELEMENTS

Fig. 9-1 Front side



- **A** Output Terminals (pluggable screw terminals)
- **B** Chassis Ground Terminals

To be connected on the top side of the housing with a ring-type terminal (ring cable lug) which is suitable for a M4 screw.

Connection of the chassis is optional and not required since the unit fulfils the requirements according to protection class III.

C Input Terminals (screw terminals)



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10. EMC

The redundancy module is suitable for applications in industrial environment as well as in residential, commercial and light industry environment without any restrictions. A detailed EMC report is available on request.

| EMC Immunity | According generic standards: EN 61000-6-1 and EN 61000-6-2 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------|-------------|
| Electrostatic discharge | EN 61000-4-2 | Contact discharge | 8kV | Criterion A |
| | | Air discharge | 15kV | Criterion A |
| Electromagnetic RF field | EN 61000-4-3 | 80MHz-2.7GHz | 20V/m | Criterion A |
| Fast transients (Burst) | EN 61000-4-4 | Input lines | 2kV | Criterion A |
| | | Output lines | 2kV | Criterion A |
| Surge voltage on input | EN 61000-4-5 | + → - | 500V | Criterion A |
| lines | | +/- → Chassis ground | 1kV | Criterion A |
| Surge voltage on output | EN 61000-4-5 | + → - | 500V | Criterion A |
| lines | | +/- → Chassis ground | 1kV | Criterion A |
| Conducted disturbance | EN 61000-4-6 | 0.15-80MHz | 20V | Criterion A |
| Power-frequency magnetic field *) | EN 61000-4-8 | 50Hz | 30A/m | Criterion A |

Criterions:

A: Redundancy module shows normal operation behavior within the defined limits.

Notes:

^{*)} A test is not applicable according to EN 61000-6-2, since the device does not contain components susceptible to magnetic fields, e.g. hall elements, electrodynamic microphones, etc.

| EMC Emission | According generic standards: EN 61000-6-3 and EN 61000-6-4 | | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| Conducted emission | IEC/CISPR 16-1-2, IEC/CISPR 16-2-1 | limits for DC power ports according EN 61000-6-3 fulfilled *) | |
| Radiated emission | EN 55011, EN 55032 | Class B | |

This device complies with FCC Part 15 rules.

Operation is subjected to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

^{*)} For information only, not mandatory for EN 61000-6-3. Provided, that power sources connected on the inputs fulfill the requirements too.

| Switching frequency | The internal auxiliary supply is generated with a boost converter. |
|---------------------|--|
| | The switching frequency varies from 140kHz to 500kHz depending on the input voltage. |



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11. ENVIRONMENT

| Operational temperature *) | -40°C to +70°C | |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Storage temperature | -40 to +85°C | for storage and transportation |
| Output derating | 1A / °C | 60-70°C |
| Humidity **) | 5 to 95% r.H. | IEC 60068-2-30 |
| Vibration sinusoidal ***) | 2-17.8Hz: ±1.6mm; 17.8-500Hz: 2g 2 hours / axis | IEC 60068-2-6 |
| Shock ***) | 30g 6ms, 20g 11ms 3 bumps / direction, 18 bumps in total | IEC 60068-2-27 |
| Altitude | 0 to 2000m | without any restrictions |
| | 2000 to 6000m | reduce output power or ambient temperature, see Fig. 11-2 |
| Altitude derating | 2.5A/1000m or 5°C/1000m | > 2000m, see Fig. 11-2 |
| Over-voltage category | not applicable | The concept of the overvoltage category is used for equipment energized directly from the low voltage mains (IEC 60664-1 §4.3.3.2.1). |
| Degree of pollution | 2 | IEC 62103, EN 50178, not conductive |

^{*)} Operational temperature is the same as the ambient temperature and is defined as the air temperature 2cm below the unit.

^{***)} Tested in combination with DIN rails according to EN 60715 with a height of 15mm and a thickness of 1.3mm and standard mounting orientation.



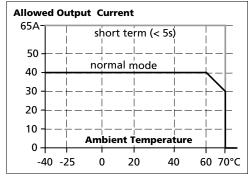
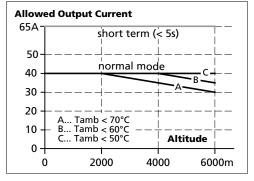


Fig. 11-2 Output current vs. altitude



^{**)} Do not energize while condensation is present



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12. PROTECTION FEATURES

| Output over-current protection | not included | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Reverse input polarity protection | included | unit does not start when input voltage is reversed |
| Degree of protection | IP20 | EN/IEC 60529 |
| Penetration protection | > 3.6mm | e.g. screws, small parts |
| Over-temperature protection | not included | |
| Input transient protection | not included | |
| Output transient protection | included | see EMC chapter |
| Internal input fuse | not included | |

13. SAFETY FEATURES

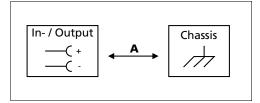
| Input / output separation | no galvanic separation | Mosfet between input and output |
|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Class of protection | III | PE (Protective Earth) or chassis connection not required |
| PE resistance | < 0.10hm | between housing and chassis-ground terminal |

14. DIELECTRIC STRENGTH

The input and output voltages have the same reference, are floating and have no ohmic connection to ground. Type and factory tests are conducted by the manufacturer. Field tests may be conducted in the field using the appropriate test equipment which applies the voltage with a slow ramp (2s up and 2s down). Connect input/output terminals together before conducting the test.

When testing, set the cut-off current settings to the value in the table below.

Fig. 14-1 Dielectric strength



| | | A |
|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| Type test | 60s | 500Vac |
| Factory test | 5s | 500Vac |
| Field test | 5s | 500Vac |
| Cut-off current setting | | > 2mA |



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15. Approved, Fulfilled or Tested Standards

| UL 508 | CUL)US LISTED | UL Certificate Listed equipment for category NMTR - Industrial Control Equipment Applicable for US and Canada E-File: E198865 |
|---------------|-----------------|---|
| IEC 60950-1 | CB Report | CB Scheme Certificate General safety requirements for Information Technology Equipment (ITE) |
| UL 60950-1 | c Fl °us | UL Certificate Recognized component for category QQGQ - Information Technology Equipment (ITE) Applicable for US and Canada E-File: E137006 |
| ATEX | ⟨£x⟩ | Agency Certificate (Bureau Veritas) EN 60079-0 Explosive atmospheres - General requirements EN 60079-7 Equipment protection by type of protection "e" EN 60079-15 Equipment protection by type of protection "n" Certificate: EPS 11 ATEX 1 312 X Temperature Code: T4 Type of Protection: ec |
| IECEx | IECEx | IECEx Certificate IEC 60079-0 Explosive atmospheres - General requirements IEC 60079-7 Equipment protection by type of protection "e" IEC 60079-15 Equipment protection by type of protection "n" Certificate: IECEx EPS 12.0032 X Temperature Code: T4 Type of Protection: ec |
| Class I Div 2 | C UL US LISTED | UL Certificate Listed equipment for category NRAD - Listed equipment Industrial Control Equipment for Use in Hazardous Locations Applicable for US and Canada E-File: E327416 Temperature Code: T4A Groups: A, B, C and D |
| Marine (DNV) | DNV.COM/AF | DNV Certificate DNV Type approved product Certificate: TAA00002A7 |
| Marine (ABS) | ABS | ABS Design Assessment Certificate ABS (American Bureau of Shipment) assessed product Certificate: 22-2231447-PDA |



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| IEC 60068-2-60 | Corrosion IEC 60068-2-60 Method 4 | Manufacturer's Declaration (Online Document) Environmental Tests, Flowing Mixed Gas Corrosion Test Test Ke - Method 4 H2S: 10ppb NO2: 200ppb Cl2: 10ppb SO2: 200ppb Test Duration: 3 weeks, which simulates a service life of 10 years. |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| ISA-71.04 G3 | Corrosion G3-ISA-71.04 | Manufacturer's Declaration (Online Document) Airborne Contaminants Corrosion Test Severity Level: G3 Harsh H2S: 100ppb NOx: 1250ppb Cl2: 20ppb SO2: 300ppb Test Duration: 3 weeks, which simulates a service life of 10 years |
| VDMA 24364 | LABS VDMA 24364-C1-LW | Paint Wetting Impairment Substances Test (or LABS-Test) Tested for Zone 2 and test class C1 according to VDMA 24364-C1-L/W for solvents and water-based paints |

16. REGULATORY PRODUCT COMPLIANCE

| EU Declaration of Conformity | C€ | The CE mark indicates conformance with the - EMC directive - ATEX directive - RoHS directive |
|---------------------------------|------------|--|
| REACH Directive | REACH 🗸 | Manufacturer's Statement EU-Directive regarding the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals |
| WEEE Directive | Z | Manufacturer's Statement EU-Regulation on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Registered in Germany as business to business (B2B) products. |
| KC Korean Certificate | K | KC Korean Certificate Korean - Registration of Broadcasting and Communication Equipment Registered under Clause3, Article 58-2 of Radio Waves Act. Registration No. R-R-PUG-YR40_245 |
| ccc | (W) | CCC Certificate China Compulsory Certification (CNCA-C23-01:2019) Certificate for devices made in Suzhou/China (PULS Electronics): 2021122303114925 Certificate for devices made in Chomutov/Czech Republic (PULS investiční): 2021122303114924 CCC-Ex |



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17. PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT

| Weight | 340g |
|-------------------------|---|
| DIN rail | Use 35mm DIN rails according to EN 60715 or EN 50022 with a height of 7.5 or 15mm. The DIN rail depth must be added to the unit depth (127mm) to calculate the total required installation depth. |
| Installation clearances | See chapter 2 |

+ Vout

Fig. 17-1 Front view

Fig. 17-2 Side view

Height: 127mm, 5.0"

Depth: 127mm, 5.0"

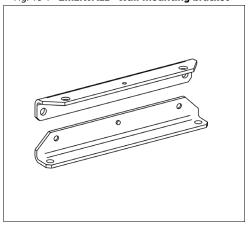
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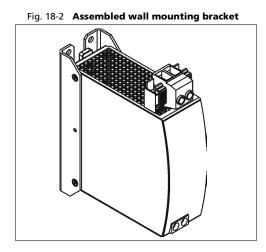
18. Accessories

18.1. ZM2.WALL - WALL MOUNTING BRACKET

This standard bracket is used to mount the YR40.245 redundancy module onto a flat surface without utilizing a DIN rail.

Fig. 18-1 ZM2.WALL Wall mounting bracket





18.2. ZM12.SIDE - SIDE MOUNTING BRACKET

This bracket is used to mount the YR40.245 redundancy module sideways with or without utilizing a DIN rail.

The two aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider of the unit have to be detached, so that the steel brackets can be mounted.

For sideway DIN rail mounting, the removed aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider need to be mounted on the steel bracket.

Fig. 18-3 **ZM12.SIDE** Side mounting bracket

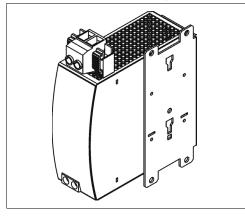
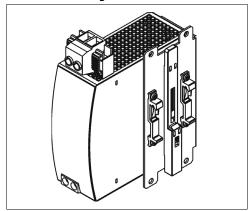


Fig. 18-4
Side mounting with DIN rail brackets



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19. APPLICATION NOTES

19.1. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR REDUNDANCY

Recommendations for the configuration of redundant power systems:

- Use separate input fuses for each power supply.
- Use three-phase power supplies to gain functional safety if one phase fails.
- When single-phase power supplies are utilized connect them to different phases or mains circuits if possible.
- Set the power supply in "Parallel-Use" mode if this feature is available
- It is desirable to set the output voltages of all power supplies to the same value.

19.2. INDUCTIVE AND CAPACITIVE LOADS

The unit is designed to supply any kind of loads, including unlimited capacitive and inductive loads.

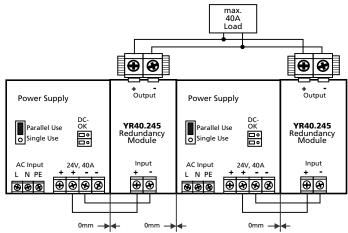
19.3. SIDEWARDS INSTALLATION CLEARANCES

The minimum clearance recommendations are defined in chapter 2.

Normally, the following installation clearance are recommended: 40mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 5mm on the left and right sides when the device is loaded permanently with more than 50% of the rated power. Increase this clearance to 15mm in case the adjacent device is a heat source (e.g. another power supply).

The clearance between the power supplies and the redundancy module can be reduced to zero under the following conditions:

- 1+1 redundancy application with maximum 40A output current.
- The power supplies are from the PULS DIMENSION series.
- The redundancy module is placed between the two power supplies or at least on one side of the power supply.
- The output voltage is set to the same level on both power supplies.





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19.4. 1+1 REDUNDANCY UP TO 40A

1+1 Redundancy up to 40A requires two 40A power supplies and two YR40.245 redundancy modules.

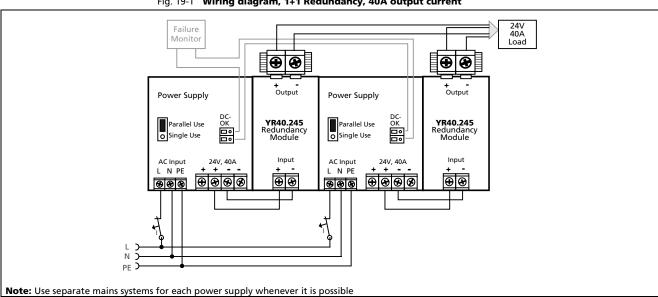
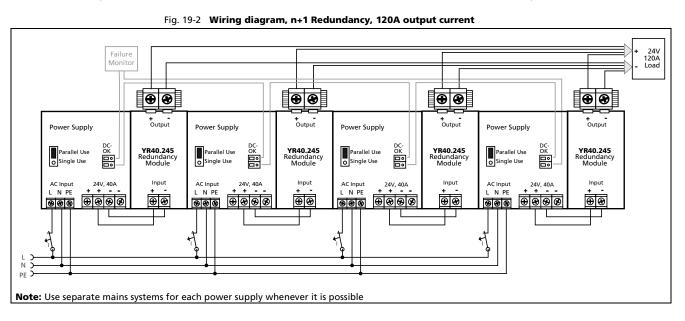


Fig. 19-1 Wiring diagram, 1+1 Redundancy, 40A output current

19.5. N+1 REDUNDANCY, EXAMPLE WITH 120A

N+1 Redundancy up to 120A requires four 40A power supplies and four YR40.245 redundancy modules.





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19.6. MOUNTING ORIENTATIONS

Mounting orientations other than input terminals on the bottom and output on the top require a reduction in continuous output power or a limitation in the maximum allowed ambient temperature. The amount of reduction influences the lifetime expectancy of the power supply. Therefore, two different derating curves for continuous operation can be found below:

Curve A1 Recommended output current.

Curve A2 Max allowed output current (results in approximately half the lifetime expectancy of A1).

Fig. 19-3
Mounting
Orientation A
(Standard
orientation)

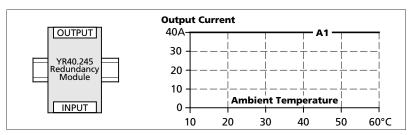


Fig. 19-4

Mounting

Orientation B

(Upside down)

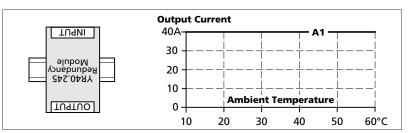


Fig. 19-5
Mounting
Orientation C
(Table-top
mounting)

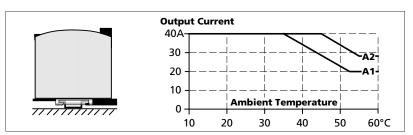


Fig. 19-6

Mounting

Orientation D

(Horizontal cw)

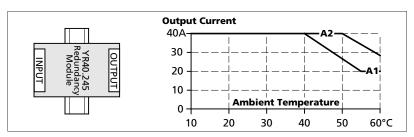
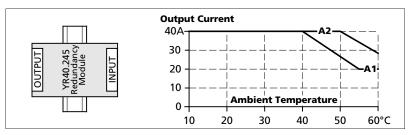


Fig. 19-7

Mounting

Orientation E

(Horizontal ccw)



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All parameters are specified at 24V, 40A output current, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted